## Conjecture:

$n^{2}+n+41$ always generates a prime number.

## Conjecture:

After $1, L(n)$ is never positive

| Number (n) | Prime factor <br> decomposition | Type | Liouville's function L(n) <br> (cumulative, add one if <br> even, subtract 1 if odd) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | Even | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | Odd | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | Odd | -1 |
| 4 | $2 \times 2$ | Even | 0 |
| 5 | 5 | Odd | -1 |
| 6 | $2 \times 3$ | Even | 0 |
| 7 | 7 | Odd | -1 |
| 8 | $2 \times 2 \times 2$ | Odd | -2 |
| 9 |  |  |  |
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## Conjecture:

Using the following rules, all positive integers reach the number 1.
Think of an positive integer. If it is equal to 1 , stop. If it is even, divide it by 2 .
If it is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1 .
With the new number you get, repeat the instructions above.

